



EVALUACION-FORMATIVA1-INGLES-OCTAVOSAB-OA9-SEMANA8

EVALUACION FORMATIVA INGLES

Prof.: Isabel Lobovsky P.

Nombre:	Curso:	Fecha:
Objetivo de la clase: Demostrar comprensión de textos relacionados con tecnología y medios de comunicación, a través de una evaluación formativa. OA9 Demostrar comprensión de ideas generales e información explícita en textos adaptados y auténticos simples, en formato impreso o digital, acerca de temas variados (como experiencias personales, temas de otras asignaturas, del contexto inmediato, de actualidad e interés global o de otras culturas) y que contienen las funciones del año	8 Año A-B	Semana 8
Habilidad : Comprensión lectora.		

- + Recuerda escribir con letra clara para poder corregir y retroalimentar.
- + Complete con su nombre.
- + Lea atentamente cada pregunta y luego responda a lo solicitado.
- + Si no puedes imprimir la evaluación resuélvala en su cuaderno colocando Evaluación formativa 1.

I. Multiple choice - Selección múltiple.

Read the following sentences and mark the correct alternative to complete them (Lea las siguientes oraciones y marque la alternativa correcta para completarlas).

1. A _____ is an apparatus for receiving and transmitting radio broadcast.

- a) **radio**
- b) television
- c) mobile phone
- d) smartphone

2. A _____ is a device that combines a cell phone with a handheld computer, typically offering internet access, data storage, email capability, etc.

- a) newspaper
- b) magazine
- c) telephone
- d) **smartphone**

3. A _____ is an electrical device for transmitting speech, consisting of a microphone and receiver mounted on a handset.

- a) computer
- b) laptop
- c) mobile phone
- d) **telephone**

4. A _____ is the system or process of producing on a distance screen a series of transient visible images, usually with an accompanying sound signal.

- a) radio
- b) **television**
- c) newspaper
- d) magazine

5. A _____ is an electronic device , that processes data according to a set of instructions.

- a) **computer**
- b) Mp3 player
- c) web cam
- d) radio

6. A _____ is a daily publication consisting of folded sheets and containing articles on the news, features, reviews and advertisements often shortened to paper.

- a) magazine
- b) **newspaper**
- c) tablet
- d) letter

7. A _____ is a periodical paperback publication containing articles, fiction, photographs, etc.

- a) **magazine**
- b) newspaper
- c) tablet
- d) letter

8. A _____ is a written or printed communication adressed to a person or organization and usually transmitted by mail.

- a) Magazine
- b) Newspaper
- c) tablet
- d) **letter**

9. A _____ is a portable computer, usually battery powered, small enough to rest on the user's lap and having a screen that closes over the keyboard.

- a) tablet
- b) computer
- c) keyboard
- d) **laptop**

10. A _____ is a very thin portable computer, usually battery powered, having a touch screen as the primary interface and input device and lacking a physical keyboard.

- a) computer c) e-book
b) laptop d) **tablet**

11. A _____ is a portable telephone that uses wireless cellular technology to send and receive phone signals.

- a) tablet c) radio
b) television d) **cellphone**

Read the following text and mark the correct alternative (Lea el siguiente texto y marque la alternativa correcta).

Long distance communication



People have always needed to communicate with each other. If people are close enough to see and hear each other they can talk. If they are far apart it is more difficult. The way we communicate over distance is changing all the time.

Two hundred years ago, if you wanted to communicate with someone far away you had to send a letter. It could take months.

One hundred years ago, you could talk to someone hundreds of miles away by telephone. Alexander Graham Bell was a teacher of deaf children. He worked out how electricity could carry the human voice. In 1876, Bell invented the telephone. People could now talk directly to each other, even if they were some distance apart.

Today, we can communicate with people all over the world in lots of different ways. We can talk on mobile phones, send faxes, read texts messages and send emails. As well as using word, we can send moving pictures, sounds and music.

12. How did people communicate in the past?

- a) **Through letters.**
- b) Through emails.
- c) Through faxes.
- d) Through mobile phones .

13. What does Alexander Graham Bell invented?

- a) He invented the mobile phone .
- b) He invented the fax machine.
- c) **he invented the telephone.**
- d) He invented the e-mails.

14. Who was Alexander Graham Bell?

- a) He was a scientist.
- b) He was an electrician.
- c) **He was a teacher .**
- d) He was a doctor .

15. How did the invention change the way to comunicate?

- a) To communicate could take months.
- b) People could send more letters.
- c) People couldn't communicate .
- d) **People could talk each other through the distance .**

16. What ways of communicating do we have today?

- a) Only one.
- b) Only two .
- c) Only three .
- d) **More than tree.**

17. What are the things we can send today?

- a) Only texts.
- b) Only faxes .
- c) **Texts, pictures and music.**
- d) Text messages.

18. People could only send letters...

- a) One hundred years ago.
- b) **Two hundred years ago.**
- c) one year ago.
- d) two years ago.

19. When was the telephone invented?

- a) In 1879.
- b) In 1776.
- c) **In 1876.**
- d) In 1786.

20. Which sentence is false:

- a) People need to communicate.
- b) **People don't need to communicate.**
- c) Today people can communicate through the distance.
- d) Today people have different ways to communicate.

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